- Attach to Form 1040. See Instructions for Schedule D (Form 1040).
- Use Schedule D-1 to list additional transactions for lines 1 and 8.

Part I Short-Term Capital Gains and Losses-Assets Held One Year or Less


## Part II Long-Term Capital Gains and Losses-Assets Held More Than One Year



[^0]
## Part III Taxable Gain or Deductible Loss

17 Combine lines 7 and 16 and enter the result. If a loss, go to line 18. If a gain, enter the gain on Form 1040, line 13, and complete Form 1040 through line 41

Next: - If both lines 16 and 17 are gains and Form 1040, line 41, is more than zero, complete Part IV below.

- Otherwise, skip the rest of Schedule D and complete Form 1040.

18 If line 17 is a loss, enter here and on Form 1040, line 13, the smaller of (a) that loss or (b) $(\$ 3,000)$ (or, if married filing separately, $(\$ 1,500)$ ). Then complete Form 1040 through line 39


## Part IV Tax Computation Using Maximum Capital Gains Rates

19 Enter your unrecaptured section 1250 gain, if any, from line 17 of the worksheet on page D-7 of the instructions


If line $\mathbf{1 5}$ or line $\mathbf{1 9}$ is more than zero, complete the worksheet on page $\mathbf{D}-9$ of the instructions to figure the amount to enter on lines 22, 29, and 40 below, and skip all other lines below. Otherwise, go to line 20.

20
Enter the smaller of line 16 or line 17 of Schedule D

22 If you are deducting investment interest expense on Form 4952, enter the amount from Form 4952, line 4 e . Otherwise, enter -0 -


23
24
25
26
Subtract line 22 from line 21 . If zero or less, enter -0-


Subtract line 23 from line 20. If zero or less, enter -0-
Figure the tax on the amount on line 24. Use the Tax Table or Tax Rate Schedules, whichever applies Enter the smaller of:

- The amount on line 20 or
- \$46,700 if married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er); \$27,950 if single;
\$37,450 if head of household; or $\$ 23,350$ if married filing separately

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| VIn) |
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| 27 |
| 28 |
| (V)10 |
| V ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
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| 30 |

If the amounts on lines $\mathbf{2 3}$ and $\mathbf{2 8}$ are the same, skip lines $\mathbf{3 4}$ through $\mathbf{3 7}$ and go to line 38.

Enter the amount from line 28 (if line 28 is blank, enter -0-)

Figure the tax on the amount on line 20. Use the Tax Table or Tax Rate Schedules, whichever applies Tax on all taxable income (including capital gains). Enter the smaller of line 38 or line 39 here


If line $\mathbf{2 6}$ is greater than line $\mathbf{2 4}$, go to line $\mathbf{2 7}$. Otherwise, skip lines 27 through 33 and go to line 34.

34
35
36
37
38
39
40

Enter the smaller of line 20 or line 23.

Subtract line 35 from line 34
Multiply line 36 by 20\% (.20).
Add lines 25, 31, 33, and 37. and on Form 1040, line 42
Enter the amount from line 24 line 8 of the worksheet on page D-8 Enter the smaller of line 28 or line 29. Multiply line 30 by 8\% (.08)
Subtract line 30 from line 28
Multiply line 32 by 10\% (.10).



Subtract line 27 from line 26 . If zero or less, enter -0 - and go to line 34 Enter your qualified 5 -year gain, if any, from
[32 ${ }^{\circ} \cdot \cdots \cdot{ }^{\circ}$

| $37$ |
| :---: |
| 38 |
| 39 |
| 40 |


[^0]:    $*_{28}$ \% rate gain or loss includes all "collectibles gains and losses" (as defined on page D-6 of the instructions) and up to $50 \%$ of the eligible gain on qualified small business stock (see page D-4 of the instructions).

